

**M. Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH  
APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER  
SCIENCE) [MSC (MACS)]**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2026**

**MMT-005 : COMPLEX ANALYSIS**

*Time :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 25*

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**Note :** (i) *Question no. 1 is compulsory.*

(ii) *Attempt any **three** questions from question no. 2 to 5.*

(iii) *Use of calculator is not allowed.*

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1. State giving reasons whether the following statements are True or False :  $5 \times 2 = 10$

(a) The right half plane  $H = \{z : \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0\}$  is neither open nor a closed set.

(b) There exists a non-constant analytic function defined on the whole complex plane whose image is contained in a disc of radius 5.

(c) The radius of convergence of the power

$$\text{series } \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{3n+2}{2n+5} \right)^n (z-2)^n \text{ is } \frac{3}{2}$$

(d) The function  $f(z) = e^z + 50$  is conformal everywhere.

(e) If  $C$  is the positive oriented circle

$$|z| = 3, \text{ then } \int_C \frac{z^3 + 2z}{(z-2)^3} dz = 0.$$

$$2. \quad (a) \quad \text{Evaluate } \lim_{z \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3}i} \left[ \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4}{z - 1 - \sqrt{3}i} \right] \quad 2$$

(b) Let  $f : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  be defined by  $w = f(z) = z^2$ .

Find the image of the vertical line  $\operatorname{Re}(z) = 1$  of  $z$ -plane in the  $w$ -plane. Also draw the image. 3

3. (a) Find the conjugate harmonic function  $v(x, y)$  corresponding to :

$$u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2 + x + 5$$

Also find the analytic function  $f$  whose real part is  $u(x, y)$ . 2

- (b) Find  $i^{i+1}$ . Also find its principal value. 3

4. (a) Let  $f$  be analytic inside and on the boundary of the open disc  $D$  whose boundary is given by positively oriented circle  $C : |z - z_0| = R$ . Assume that there exists a positive constant  $M$  such that  $|f(z)| \leq M$  in  $D$ . Show that

$$|f^{(n)}(z_0)| \leq \frac{Mn!}{R^n}.$$

Use it to find an upper bound for  $f^{(3)}(2i)$  where  $f(z)$  is analytic inside and on the boundary of the open disc  $D$  bound by  $|z - 2i| = 3$  such that  $|f(z)| \leq 5$  in  $D$ . 3

- (b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points  $z = -2, 0, 2$  into the points  $0, i, -i$  respectively. 2
5. (a) Find the power series expansion of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - 3z + 2}$$

which is valid in the region  $1 < |z| < 2$ . 2

(b) Let  $f(z) = \frac{e^z}{z(z-1)^2}$  3

- (i) Find all the singular points of  $f(z)$  and their nature.
- (ii) Use Cauchy Residue theorem to evaluate  $\int_C f(z) dz$  where  $C$  is the positive oriented circle  $|z| = 2.5$ .

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